



Permit with introductory note

Pollution Prevention and Control (England & Wales) Regulations 2000

Morecambe Solvent Management

Solvent Resource Management Ltd
Middleton Road
Morecambe
Lancashire
LA3 3JW

Permit number

BL7302ID

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Introductory note

This introductory note does not form a part of the Permit

The following Permit is issued under Regulation 10 of the Pollution Prevention and Control (England and Wales) Regulations 2000 (S.I.2000 No.1973), as amended, ("the PPC Regulations") to operate an installation carrying out activities covered by the description in Sections 5.4 Part A(1)(a) and 5.3 Part A(1)(b) supported by Section 1.1 Part A(1)(b)(iii), in Part 1 to Schedule 1 of the PPC Regulations, to the extent authorised by the Permit:

Section 5.4 A(1)(a) - The recovery by distillation of oil or solvent, with the following directly associated activities;

Section 5.3 Part A(1)(b) the disposal of waste oils in a facility with a capacity of more than 10 tonnes per day, through the blending and mixing of recovered oils, and

Section 1.1 Part A(1)(b)(iii) burning of fuel manufactured from, or comprising, any other waste in an appliance with a rated thermal input of 3MW or more but less than 50MW through the operation of boilers (combustion units) for steam generation.

Aspects of the operation of the installation which are not regulated by conditions of the Permit are subject to the condition implied by Regulation 12(10) of the PPC Regulations, i.e. the Operator shall use the best available techniques for preventing or, where that is not practicable, reducing emissions from the Permitted Installation.

Techniques include both the technology used and the way in which the installation is designed, built, maintained, operated and decommissioned.

In some sections of the Permit conditions require the Operator to use Best Available Techniques (BAT), in each of the aspects of the management of the Permitted Installation, to prevent and where that is not practicable to reduce emissions. The conditions do not explain what is BAT. In determining BAT, the Operator should pay particular attention to relevant sections of the IPPC Sector guidance, appropriate Horizontal guidance and other relevant guidance.

A non-technical description of the Permitted Installation is given in the Application, but the main features of the Permitted Installation are as follows.

The Permit allows Solvent Resource Management Limited (SRM Ltd) to operate a process for the recovery of solvent by distillation. The Installation (which is a top tier COMAH site) is situated to the south of Morecambe, between Middleton and Heysham in Lancashire (centred on national grid reference SD 415 595). To the north and west of the 4.9hectare site is Heysham Golf Course, to the south lies disused land, and to the east there is a mobile home park. The wider area to the south and east is dominated by agricultural land, to the west is the Irish Sea and to the north is the village of Heysham.

Waste is accepted at the Installation either in moveable containers such as drums, kegs and IBCs, or from road tanker delivery. The moveable containers are stored ready for processing, and the tanker deliveries are transferred directly to storage or blending tanks. All of the drums are processed through one of two drum handling plants, depending on the nature of the material for recovery. Drum handling plant 1 is for mobile liquids, and drum handling plant 2 is for solids/waxes. There is also an Oil Filter Plant to recover materials from used/waste oil filters. The liquids recovered from the drum handling plants are then transferred back to storage in readiness for processing or blending.

Solvents containing solids are processed in a thin surface evaporator unit (LUWA), where a thin film of the liquid is spread over a heating surface. The thin film falls by gravity down the heated walls of the evaporator, with the vapours leaving the top where they are condensed and transferred to tanks as either products or for further treatment. The residues pass out of the bottom of the evaporator and are transferred to tankage for further treatment.

Solvent liquids are processed in the three distillation plants (distillation plant 1, 2 & 4), depending on the nature of the material and the product specifications. The distillation plants vary in capacity and boil up rates, and each consist of a still, distillation column and a condenser system (currently distillation plant 2 is non-operational). The recovered solvents are either returned to the customer, sold on the open market or used to produce distillate fuel. In addition to recycling materials by distillation the site also manufactures Secondary Liquid Fuels for use in cement kilns. The largest output (over 90%) from the Installation is

Secondary Liquid Fuel, which is formulated directly from incoming materials being blended together, and/or blended with waste arisings from other process operations at the Installation. Secondary Liquid Fuel is manufactured to agreed specifications and is only supplied to authorised users off site.

The blending plant is fed from bulk tankers, drum handling plants, storage tanks and distillation residue tanks. The plant consists of three banded blending areas containing blending tanks and “quarantine” tanks, and a further banded area for storage and feed tanks. The blending tanks are re-circulated to aid blending and to ensure fine solids remain in suspension. The “quarantine” tanks are used to hold materials undergoing laboratory analysis work.

The onsite boiler plant provides steam for use in the distillation and evaporation processes, and for providing heating to certain on site tanks, as well as providing space heating for the office blocks. The boiler plant consists of two combustion units (duty and standby) with a rated thermal input of 3.8MW each. Combustion Unit 1 is fired on recovered solvent fuel (deemed to be a waste) controlled to a specification, and once a temperature of 850°C is reached in the main body of the furnace, aqueous waste from the process and waste water is introduced for incineration. Combustion Unit 1 is defined as a co-incinerator under the Waste Incineration Directive. Combustion Unit 2 is fired on none waste fuels e.g. gas oil. A separate gas oil fired unit (rated thermal input of 0.47MW) provides heat for the hot oil system for use in distillation plants 4.

Emissions to air are predominantly combustion gases such as carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen and sulphur dioxide, from the boilers and volatile organic compounds from the drum handling plant abatement systems. Emissions to controlled water (Irish Sea at Morecambe Bay) are from surface waters. Emissions are monitored continuously or at agreed intervals as appropriate. There are no direct emissions to land or sewer.

SRM Ltd operates an environmental management system that is accredited to ISO 14001.

Several Natura 2000 sites are within a 10km radius of the site, the nearest being Morecambe Bay, (which is a Special Protection Area, Special Area of Conservation, Ramsar and Site of Special Scientific Interest) some 1.4 km south west of the site. Heysham Moss Site of Special Scientific Interest is located 1.2km northeast and the Lune Estuary Site of Special Scientific Interest is 3.5km south. The Agency considers that the operation of the Installation is unlikely to have an adverse effect on any Natura 2000 sites and is unlikely to have any adverse effects on any important ecological sites.

The Waste Incineration (England and Wales) Regulations 2002 (SI2002 No. 2980) (The WI Regulations) and the Pollution Prevention and Control (Waste Incineration Directive) (England and Wales) Direction 2002 together implement the requirements of the Waste Incineration Directive (Directive (EC 2000/76/EC) on the Incineration of Waste. The Installation regulated under this Permit contains an existing Waste Incineration Installation (as defined in the WI Regulations) in which the incineration of waste in a co-incineration plant is carried out. Conditions delivering the corresponding requirements of the relevant articles of the Waste Incineration Directive have been incorporated into this Permit.

Note that the Permit requires the submission of certain information to the Agency (see Sections 4 and 5). In addition, the Agency has the power to seek further information at any time under regulation 28 to the PPC Regulations provided that it acts reasonably.

Other PPC Permits relating to this installation

Permit holder	Permit Number	Date of Issue
Not applicable		

Superseded Licences/Authorisations/Consents relating to this installation

Holder	Reference Number	Date of Issue
SRM Ltd (IPC Authorisation as varied)	AG9248	14/12/1992

Other activities may take place on the site of this installation which are not regulated under this Permit or any other PPC Permit referred to in the Table above.

Other existing Licences/Authorisations/Registrations relating to this site

Holder	Reference Number	Date of issue
Not applicable		

Public Registers

Considerable information relating to Permits including the Application is available on public registers in accordance with the requirements of the PPC Regulations. Certain information may be withheld from public registers where it is commercially confidential or contrary to national security.

Variations to the Permit

This Permit may be varied in the future (by the Agency serving a Variation Notice on the Operator). If the Operator itself wants any of the Conditions of the Permit to be changed, it must submit a formal Application. The Status Log within the Introductory Note to any such Variation Notice will include summary details of this Permit, variations issued up to that point in time and state whether a consolidated version of the Permit has been issued.

Surrender of the Permit

Before this Permit can be wholly or partially surrendered, an Application to surrender the Permit has to be made by the Operator. For the application to be successful, the Operator must be able to demonstrate to the Agency that there is no pollution risk and that no further steps are required to return the site to a satisfactory state.

Transfer of the Permit or part of the Permit

Before the Permit can be wholly or partially transferred to another person, an Application to transfer the Permit has to be made jointly by the existing and proposed holders. A transfer will be allowed unless the Agency considers that the proposed holder will not be the person who will have control over the operation of the Permitted Installation or will not comply with the conditions of the transferred Permit. If, however, the Permit authorises the carrying out of a specified waste management activity, the transfer will only be allowed if the proposed holder is also considered to be "a fit and proper person" as required by the PPC Regulations.

Talking to us

Please quote the Permit Number if you contact the Agency about this Permit.

To give a Notification under Condition 5.1.1, the Operator should use the Incident Hotline telephone number (0800 80 70 60) or any other number notified in writing to the Operator by the Agency for that purpose.

Status Log

Detail	Date	Response date
Application BL7302ID	Received 31/03/2005	
Additional Information (Schedule 4 response)	09/08/2005	Received 14/10/2005
Additional Information (Acceptable Waste Categories)		Received 25/11/2005
Additional Information (Specification of all fuels and wastes)		Received 14/12/05
Permit determined	21/12/05	

End of Introductory Note.

Permit
Pollution Prevention and Control
Regulations 2000



**ENVIRONMENT
AGENCY**

Permit

Permit number

BL7302ID

The Environment Agency (the Agency) in exercise of its powers under Regulation 10 of the Pollution Prevention and Control (England and Wales) Regulations (SI 2000 No 1973), hereby authorises **Solvent Resource Management Limited** ("the Operator"),

Whose Registered Office is

**Hendon dock,
Sunderland,
Tyne and wear
SR1 2ES**

Company registration number **3890526**

to operate an Installation at

**Middleton Road,
Morecambe,
Lancashire
LA3 3JW**

to the extent authorised by and subject to the conditions of this Permit.

Signed	Date

Mike Peacock, Strategic Permitting Group Team Leader, Warrington

Authorised to sign on behalf of the Agency

Conditions

1 General

1.1 Permitted activities

1.1.1 The Operator is authorised to carry out the activities and the associated activities specified in Table 1.1.1.

Table 1.1.1 Permitted activities

Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the PPC Regulations / Associated Activity	Description of specified activity	Limits of specified activity
Section 5.4 A(1)(a) : Recovering by distillation of any oil or organic solvent.	Operation of the kettle, reboiler heat exchanger, distillation column and vent condensers, feed and product tanks.	From the receipt of material for processing, through the distillation and separation processes to the transfer of separated materials to storage or disposal.
Section 1.1 A(1)(b)(iii) : Burning any fuel manufactured from, or comprising any other waste in an appliance with rated thermal input of 3MW or more but less than 50MW	Production of steam for use in distillation processes, in a boiler with rated thermal input of 3.8MW.	Co-incineration of waste, from the evaluation and receipt of waste fuel, through to storage, on-site pre-treatment facilities, waste systems, fuel systems, air supply systems, boiler, stack devices and systems for controlling incineration operations, recording and monitoring incineration conditions.
Section 5.3 A(1)(b) : The disposal of waste oils other than by incineration or landfill in a facility with a capacity of more than 10 tonnes per day.	Operation of recovery plant for waste oil, including the formulation of Secondary Liquid Fuel by blending process residues with waste materials, and a recovery plant for waste oil filters	From receipt of raw materials, through sorting, size reduction, separation of components, storage of separated components for recycling, to blending and despatch of product.
Directly associated activity.	Combustion of fuel in a boiler with rated thermal input of 3.8MW for the production of steam for use in distillation processes. (Boiler is a standby for the main site boiler)	From receipt and storage of raw materials, through to burning of fuel and disposal/recovery of any waste.
Directly associated activity.	Handling and storage of raw materials	From raw material unloading of bulk road tankers or drums/IBCs to transfer to tank farm, and from tank farm to distillation unit feed tank. Handling and storage of entrainers or additives used to control pH, anti-oxidants, stabilisers etc in distillation unit.

Directly associated activity.	Handling and storage of recovered (product) solvents.	From transfer from distillation unit to tank farm, through subsequent blending to loading of bulk road tankers, IBC's or drums from tank farm or distillation unit.
Directly associated activity.	Handling and storage of wastes for disposal	From the production of waste materials through to storage of wastes, including contaminated materials.
Directly associated activity.	Air emissions abatement	Abatement equipment for Drum Handling Plant 1 (DHP1) – water scrubber. Abatement equipment for Drum Handling Plant 2 (DHP2) – carbon bed adsorption column

1.2 Site

- 1.2.1 The activities authorised under condition 1.1.1 shall not extend beyond the Site, being the land shown edged in red on the Site Plan at Schedule 5 to this Permit.

1.3 Overarching management condition

- 1.3.1 Without prejudice to the other conditions of this Permit, the Operator shall implement and maintain a management system, organisational structure and allocate resources that are sufficient to achieve compliance with the limits and conditions of this Permit.

1.4 Improvement programme

- 1.4.1 The Operator shall complete the improvements specified in Table 1.4.1 by the date specified in that table, and shall send written notification of the date of completion of each requirement to the Agency within 14 days of the completion of each such requirement.

Table 1.4.1: Improvement programme

Reference	Requirement	Date
IC 1	The Operator shall develop an odour management plan, having regard to Environment Agency Horizontal Guidance H4. The plan shall as a minimum identify all potential sources of odour and options available to reduce or eliminate odour emissions from the Installation. A summary report shall be submitted in writing to the Agency, along with a timetable for the implementation of improvements identified.	01/07/2006
IC 2	The Operator shall undertake a period of monitoring emissions of oxides of nitrogen from the combustion units. Based on the monitoring data the Operator shall undertake an environmental impact assessment of emissions of oxides of nitrogen. On completion of the assessment, a summary report shall be submitted in writing to the Environment Agency, including a timetable for the implementation of any improvements identified.	01/10/2006
IC 3	The Operator shall review the adequacy and suitability of existing bund provision for storage tanks at the Installation, with respect to meeting the requirements of ensuring bund capacity is 110% of the largest tank or 25% of the total volume for liquids stored, whose spillage could be harmful to the environment. Particular attention shall be paid to the bunding of the North site Drum Storage area. A written report shall be provided to the Agency to include details of bunds, any deficiencies identified, the improvements proposed and the time scale for implementation.	01/07/2006

IC 4	The Operator shall undertake an assessment of the relevant methods and options for reducing VOC emissions from Drum Handling Plant No.1. On completion of the assessment, a summary report shall be submitted in writing to the Environment Agency, along with a timetable for the implementation of any improvements identified.	01/09/2006
IC 5	The Operator shall review the monitoring methods and techniques currently employed for periodic monitoring against the monitoring methods specified in Tables 2.2.2 and 2.2.5 and the provision of MCERTS accreditation for the equipment, personnel and organisations employed for the emissions monitoring program as defined in condition 2.10.1. On completion of the review the Operator shall submit a summary report in writing to the Agency, including justifications for any methods employed that differ from the methods specified in this Permit, along with a timetable for achieving the standard for any elements that are not MCERTS certified.	01/10/2006
IC 6	The Operator shall review the proposed operation of distillation system 2 (venting via emission point A2) having regard to the best available techniques outlined in Environment Agency Guidance Notes S5.06 and S4.01. On completion of the review, and prior to re-starting the plant, the Operator shall submit in writing a summary report demonstrating that the operation utilises the best available techniques.	3 months prior to re-commissioning plant 2, or as otherwise agreed in writing with the Environment Agency
IC7	The Operator shall calibrate and verify the performance of Continuous Emission Monitors for release points and parameters as specified in Table 2.2.2 to BS EN 14181 and submit a summary report to the Environment Agency as evidence of compliance with the requirements of BS EN 14181.	Report to be submitted to the Agency by 28/12/2006
IC8	The Operator shall undertake an options assessment of methods for monitoring emissions to air from Combustion Unit 1, with the view to eliminating or reducing any uncertainty factor in the emission limit values resulting from the addition of dilution air, prior to the monitoring of flue gas. On completion of the assessment, the Operator shall submit a summary report in writing to the Agency, along with a timetable for implementing any improvements identified.	01/06/2006
IC9	The Operator shall undertake monitoring for emission point W1 for the emissions of short chain chlorinated paraffins as specified in Table 2.10.1. Based on the monitoring results, the Operator shall undertake an environmental impact assessment for these emissions, and provide a report in writing to the Agency.	01/02/2007
IC10	The Operator shall undertake monitoring emissions from point W1 for the emissions of Mercury. Based on the monitoring results, the Operator shall undertake an environmental impact assessment for these emissions, and provide a report in writing to the Agency.	01/02/2007

1.4.2 Where the Operator fails to comply with any requirement by the date specified in Table 1.4.1 the Operator shall send written notification of such failure to the Agency within 14 days of such date.

1.5 Minor operational changes

1.5.1 The Operator shall seek the Agency's written agreement to any minor operational changes under condition 2.1.1 of this Permit by sending to the Agency: written notice of the details of the proposed change including an assessment of its possible effects (including waste production) on risks to the environment from the Permitted Installation; any relevant supporting assessments and drawings; and the proposed implementation date.

- 1.5.2 Any such change shall not be implemented until agreed in writing by the Agency. As from the agreed implementation date, the Operator shall operate the Permitted Installation in accordance with that change, and relevant provisions in the Application shall be deemed to be amended.
- 1.5.3 When the qualification “unless otherwise agreed in writing” is used elsewhere in this Permit, the Operator shall seek such agreement by sending to the Agency written notice of the details of the proposed method(s) or techniques.
- 1.5.4 Any such method(s) or techniques shall not be implemented until agreed in writing by the Agency. As from the agreed implementation date, the Operator shall operate the Permitted Installation using that method or technique, and relevant provisions in the Application and the Site Protection and Monitoring Programme, as the case may be shall be deemed to be amended.

1.6 Pre-operational conditions

- 1.6.1 There are no pre-operational conditions

1.7 Off-site conditions

- 1.7.1 There are no off-site conditions

2 Operating conditions

2.1 In-process Controls

- 2.1.1 The Permitted Installation shall, subject to the conditions of this Permit, be operated using the techniques and in the manner described in the documentation specified in Table 2.1.1, or as otherwise agreed in writing by the Agency in accordance with conditions 1.5.1 and 1.5.2 of this Permit.

Table 2.1.1: Operating techniques

Description	Parts	Date received
Application	The response to questions B2.1 and B2.2 of the Application Template, as given in section 2.1 to 2.6 (pages 25 to 43) of the Application.	31/03/05
Additional Information (Schedule 4 Notice response)	Responses to question C2.1 and C2.10 of the Application submitted as part of the Schedule 4 Notice response (from the first time on or after the 28 th December 2005, where waste is burned in Combustion Unit 1)	14/10/05
Additional Information	Acceptable Waste Categories schedule for recovery	25/11/05
Additional Information	Specification of all fuels and wastes	14/12/05

- 2.1.2 The Permitted Installation shall, subject to the other conditions of this Permit, be operated using the techniques and in the manner described in the Site Protection and Monitoring Programme submitted under condition 4.1.8 of this Permit (as amended from time to time under condition 4.1.8), or as otherwise agreed in writing by the Agency.
- 2.1.3 Only the wastes specified in Schedule 6 shall be incinerated in the Permitted Installation, subject to limitations, in quantities not exceeding those specified for the waste types specified in Table 2.1.2.

Table 2.1.2: Permitted Waste Types

Waste type	Limitations	Maximum throughput at specified location
Recovered Solvent Fuel – WT1	Specification of the recovered solvent fuel (WT1) to be controlled such that flue gas emissions resulting from its combustion, can not cause emissions other than those from gas oil, or a higher concentration of emissions than those resulting from the combustion of gas oil	Combustion Unit 1 – 5000 tonnes/year
Aqueous effluent – WT2	Aqueous waste contaminated with solvents, and waste solvents	Combustion Unit 1 – 10,000 tonnes/year

- 2.1.4 No condition applies.

- 2.1.5 No condition applies.
- 2.1.6 From the 28th December 2005, waste type WT2 shall not be charged to Combustion Unit 1, or shall cease to be charged, if the combustion chamber temperature is below, or falls below 850°C.
- 2.1.7 From the 28th December 2005, waste shall not be charged to Combustion Unit 1, or shall cease to be charged, if:
- any continuous emission limit value in Table 2.2.2 is exceeded, other than under abnormal operating conditions; or
 - monitoring results required to demonstrate compliance with any continuous emission limit value in Table 2.2.2 are unavailable other than during a period of abnormal operation.
- 2.1.8 From the 28th December 2005, the Operator shall record the beginning and end of each period of abnormal operation.
- 2.1.9 From the 28th December 2005, during a period of abnormal operation, the Operator shall restore normal operation of the failed equipment or replace the failed equipment as rapidly as possible.
- 2.1.10 From the 28th December 2005, where during abnormal operation, any of the following situations arise, the Operator, shall, as soon as practicable, cease the burning of waste until normal operation can be restored:
- continuous measurement shows that an emission exceeds any emission limit value in Table 2.2.2, or continuous emission monitor(s) are out of service, as the case may be, for a total of four hours uninterrupted duration;
 - the cumulative duration of abnormal operation periods over one calendar year exceeds 60 hours on a co-incineration line.
- 2.1.11 From the 28th December 2005, the Operator shall interpret the end of the period of abnormal operation as the earliest of the following:
- when the failed equipment is repaired and brought back into normal operation;
 - when the Operator initiates a shut-down of the waste combustion activity, as described in the Application;
 - when a period of 4 hours has elapsed from the start of the abnormal operation;
 - when, in any calendar year, an aggregated period of 60 hours abnormal operation has been reached for a given co-incineration line.
- 2.1.12 No condition applies.

2.2 Emissions

2.2.1 Emissions to air, (including heat, but excluding odour, noise or vibration) from specified points

- 2.2.1.1 This Part 2.2.1 of this Permit shall not apply to releases of odour, noise or vibration.
- 2.2.1.2 Emissions to air from the emission points in Table 2.2.1 shall only arise from the source(s) specified in that Table.

Table 2.2.1 : Emission points to air

Emission point reference or description	Source	Location of emission point
A1	Condenser vent on distillation plant 1	As identified on site plant in Appendix 2.6 of the Application
A2	Condenser vent on distillation plant 2	As identified on site plant in Appendix 2.6 of the Application
A3a	Condenser vent on distillation plant 4	As identified on site plant in Appendix 2.6 of the Application
A3b	Vacuum pump vent on distillation plant 4	As identified on site plant in Appendix 2.6 of the Application
A4	Chiller unit vent on LUWA evaporator	As identified on site plant in Appendix 2.6 of the Application
A5	Drum handling plant 1 (DHP1) liquid scrubber exhaust	As identified on site plant in Appendix 2.6 of the Application
A6	Drum handling plant 2 (DHP2) carbon scrubber exhaust	As identified on site plant in Appendix 2.6 of the Application
A7	Wanson hot oil heater stack	As identified on site plant in Appendix 2.6 of the Application
A8	Combustion unit 1 (CU1)	As identified on site plant in Appendix 2.6 of the Application
A9	Combustion unit 2 (CU2)	As identified on site plant in Appendix 2.6 of the Application
A10-A12	Cooling water tower	As identified on site plant in Appendix 2.6 of the Application

2.2.1.3 The limits for emissions to air for the parameter(s) and emission point(s) set out in Table 2.2.2 shall not be exceeded.

Table 2.2.2 : Emission limits to air and monitoring

Emission point reference	Parameter	Limit (including reference period) ¹	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring method
A1, A2, A3 and A4 Aggregated	Volatile Organic Compounds, Total Class A (as substances)	1,000 kg/year	Annual ¹⁰	
A1, A2, A3 and A4 Aggregated	Volatile Organic Compounds, Total Class B (as Carbon)	5,000 kg/year	Annual ¹⁰	
A5	Volatile Organic Compounds, Total Class A (as substances)	10,000 kg/year	Annual ¹⁰	
A5	Volatile Organic Compounds, Total Class B (as Carbon)	100,000 kg/year	Annual ¹⁰	
A6	Volatile Organic Compounds, Total Class A (as substances)	20mg/m ³ periodic over a minimum 1 hour period	Annual	BS EN 13649

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A6	Volatile Organic Compounds, Total Class B (as Carbon)	75mg/m ³ periodic over a minimum 1 hour period	Annual	BS EN 13649
A8	Particulate matter	18 mg/m ³ daily average ⁹	Continuous measurement	BS EN 13284-2 ^{7 6}
A8	Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	18 mg/m ³ daily average ⁹	Continuous measurement	BS EN 12619 ^{7 6}
A8	Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	36 mg/m ³ ½-hr average ⁹	Continuous measurement	BS EN 12619 ^{7 6}
A8	Hydrogen chloride	18 mg/m ³ periodic over minimum 1-hour period ⁹	Bi-annual	BS EN 1911
A8	Hydrogen fluoride	2 mg/m ³ periodic over minimum 1-hour period ⁹	Bi-annual	USEP Method 26/26A
A8	Carbon monoxide	90 mg/m ³ daily average ⁹	Continuous measurement	ISO 12039 ^{7 4}
A8	Carbon monoxide	180 mg/m ³ ½-hr average ⁹	Continuous measurement	ISO 12039 ^{7 4}
A8	Sulphur dioxide	50 mg/m ³ periodic over minimum 1-hour period ⁹	Bi-annual	BS 6069-4.1
A8	Oxides of nitrogen (NO and NO ₂ expressed as NO ₂)	650 mg/m ³ daily average ⁹	Continuous measurement	ISO 10849 ^{7 5}
A8	Cadmium & thallium and their compounds (total) ²	0.06 mg/m ³ periodic over minimum 30 minute, maximum 8 hour period ⁹	Bi-annual	BS EN 14385
A8	Mercury and its compounds ²	0.06 mg/m ³ periodic over minimum 30 minute, maximum 8 hour period ⁹	Bi-annual	BS EN 13211
A8	Sb, As, Pb, Cr, Co, Cu, Mn, Ni and V and their compounds (total) ²	0.6 mg/m ³ periodic over minimum 30 minute, maximum 8 hour period ⁹	Bi-annual	BS EN 14385
A8	Dioxins / furans (I-TEQ)	0.12 ng/m ³ periodic over minimum 6 hours, maximum 8 hour period ^{3 9}	Bi-annual	BS EN 1948

Note 1: See Section 6 for reference conditions

Note 2: Metals include gaseous, vapour and solid phases as well as their compounds (expressed as the metal or the sum of the metals as specified). Sb, As, Pb, Cr, Co, Cu, Mn, Ni and V mean antimony, arsenic, lead, chromium, cobalt, copper, manganese, nickel and vanadium respectively.

Note 3: The I-TEQ sum of the equivalence factors to be reported as a range based on: All congeners less than the detection limit assumed to be zero as a minimum, and all congeners less than the detection limit assumed to be at the detection limit as a maximum.

Note 4 : The Continuous Emission Monitors used shall be such that the values of the 95% confidence intervals of a single measured result at the daily emission limit value shall not exceed 10%. Valid half-hourly average values shall be determined within the effective operating time (excluding the start-up and shut down periods if no waste is being incinerated) from the measured values after having subtracted this value of the confidence interval (10%). Where it is necessary to calibrate or maintain the monitor and this means that data is not available for a complete half-hour period, the half-hourly average shall nonetheless be considered valid if measurements are available for a minimum of 20 minutes during the half-hour period. (The number of half-hourly averages so validated shall not exceed 5 per day). Daily average values shall be determined as the average of all the valid half-hourly average values within a calendar day. The daily average value will be considered valid if no more than five half-hourly average values in any day have been determined not to be valid. No more than ten daily average values per year shall be determined not to be valid.

Note 5 : As Note 4, except that the value of the confidence interval is 20% in place of 10%.

Note 6 : As Note 4, except that the value of the confidence interval is 30% in place of 10%.

Note 7 : MCERTS certification to the appropriate ranges and determinands is a demonstration of compliance to the applicable standards.

Note 8 : The certification range for MCERTS equipment should be 1.5 times the daily emission limit value.

Note 9 : Emission limits apply from the first time on or after the 28th December 2005 where waste is burned in Combustion Unit 1.

Note 10 : Demonstration of compliance through mass balance or other suitable surrogate method agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.

2.2.1.4 Total emissions to air from emission point(s) set out in Table 2.2.1 in any year of a substance listed in Table 2.2.3 shall not exceed the relevant limit in that Table.

Table 2.2.3 Annual limits

Substance	Limit – kg
Volatile Organic Compounds	125,000

2.2.2 Emissions to water (other than groundwater), including heat, from specified points

2.2.2.1 This Part 2.2.2 of this Permit shall not apply to releases of odour, noise or vibration or to releases to groundwater.

2.2.2.2 Conditions 2.2.2.3 - 2.2.2.6 shall not apply to emissions to sewer.

2.2.2.3 Emissions to water from the emission point(s) specified in Table 2.2.4 shall only arise from the source(s) specified in that Table

Table 2.2.4: Emission point to water

Emission point reference or description	Source	Receiving water
W1 Sea outfall connection adjacent to site weighbridge / entrance	Boiler blowdown from combustion units 1 and 2; cooling water blowdown; surface water drainage from North and South sites.	Irish Sea

2.2.2.4 The limits for the emissions to water for the parameter(s) and emission point set out in Table 2.2.5 shall not be exceeded.

2.2.2.5 Where a substance is specified in Table 2.2.5 but no limit is set for it, the concentration of such substance in emissions to water from the relevant emission point shall be no greater than the background concentration

Table 2.2.5 : Emission limits to water and monitoring

Emission point reference	Parameter	Limit (including reference period)	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring method
W1	Flowrate	1 megalitre/day	Continuous	BS 3680
W1	Chemical Oxygen Demand	7000mg/l spot sample	Daily	BS 6060:1989
W1	pH range	5-9 spot sample	Daily	BS 1647-2:1984
W1	Cadmium	10 µg/l spot sample	Daily	BS 6068-2.89
W1	Chromium	100 µg/l spot sample	Daily	BS 6068-2.60
W1	Copper	300 µg/l spot sample	Daily	BS 6068-2.60
W1	Lead	250 µg/l spot sample	Daily	BS 6068-2.60
W1	Nickel	100 µg/l spot sample	Daily	BS 6068-2.60
W1	Zinc	1000 µg/l spot sample	Daily	BS 6068-2.60
W1	1,2 Dichloroethane	300 µg/l Flow proportional composite of daily samples	Monthly	BS EN 10301 :1997
W1	Trichloroethylene	100 µg/l Flow proportional composite of daily samples	Monthly	BS EN 10301 :1997
W1	Chloroform	1000 µg/l Flow proportional composite of daily samples	Monthly	BS EN 10301 :1997
W1	Tetrachloroethylene	350 µg/l Flow proportional composite of daily samples	Monthly	BS EN 10301 :1997
W1	Trichlorobenzene	5 µg/l Flow proportional composite of daily samples	Monthly	BS EN 10301 :1997
W1	Carbon tetrachloride	500 µg/l Flow proportional composite of daily samples	Monthly	BS EN 10301 :1997
W1	Pentachlorophenol	10 µg/l Flow proportional composite of daily samples	Monthly	BS EN 10301 :1997

W1	Dichloromethane	2000 µg/l Flow proportional composite of daily samples	Monthly	BS EN 10301 :1997
W1	1,1,1 Trichloroethane	100 µg/l Flow proportional composite of daily samples	Monthly	BS EN 10301 :1997

2.2.2.6 Total emissions to water in any year of a substance listed in Table 2.2.6 shall not exceed the relevant limit in that Table

Table 2.2.6 Annual emission limits

Substance	Limit – kg
Cadmium	0.3
Chromium	3
Copper	10
Lead	8
Nickel	3
Zinc	30
1,2 Dichloroethane	10
Trichloroethylene	3
Chloroform	25
Tetrachloroethylene	1
Trichlorobenzene	0.1
Carbon tetrachloride	10
Dichloromethane	45
Pentachlorophenol	0.3
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	3

Emissions to sewer

2.2.2.7 No emission from the Permitted Installation shall be made to sewer.

2.2.3 Emissions to groundwater

2.2.3.1 No emission from the Permitted Installation shall give rise to the introduction into groundwater of any substance in List I (as defined in the Groundwater Regulations 1998 (S.I. 1998 No. 2746)).

2.2.3.2 No emission from within the Permitted Installation shall give rise to the introduction into groundwater of any substance in List II (as defined in the Groundwater Regulations 1998 (S.I. 1998 No. 2746)) so as to cause pollution (as defined in the Groundwater Regulations 1998 (S.I. 1998 No. 2746)).

2.2.3.3 For substances other than those in List I or II (as defined in the Groundwater Regulations 1998 (SI 1998 No.2746)), the Operator shall use BAT to prevent or where that is not practicable to reduce emissions to groundwater from the Permitted Installation provided always that the techniques used by the Operator shall be no less effective than those described in the Application.

2.2.4 Fugitive emissions of substances to air

2.2.4.1 The Operator shall use BAT so as to prevent or where that is not practicable to reduce fugitive emissions of substances to air from the Permitted Installation in particular from:

- storage areas
- buildings
- pipes, valves and other transfer systems
- open surfaces

provided always that the techniques used by the Operator shall be no less effective than those described in the Application, where relevant.

2.2.5 Fugitive emissions of substances to water and sewer

2.2.5.1 Subject to condition 2.2.5.2 below, the Operator shall use BAT so as to prevent or where that is not practicable to reduce fugitive emissions of substances to water (other than Groundwater) and sewer from the Permitted Installation in particular from:

- all structures under or over ground
- surfacing
- bunding
- storage areas

provided always that the techniques used by the Operator shall be no less effective than those described in the Application, where relevant.

2.2.5.2 There shall be no release to water that would cause a breach of an EQS established by the UK Government to implement the Dangerous Substances Directive 76/464/EEC.

2.2.6 Odour

2.2.6.1 the Operator shall use BAT so as to prevent or where that is not practicable to reduce odorous emissions from the Permitted Installation, in particular by:

- limiting the use of odorous materials
- restricting odorous activities
- controlling the storage conditions of odorous materials
- controlling processing parameters to minimise the generation of odour
- optimising the performance of abatement systems
- timely monitoring, inspection and maintenance
- employing, where appropriate, an approved odour management plan

provided always that the techniques used by the Operator shall be no less effective than those described in the Application, where relevant.

2.2.7 Emissions to land

2.2.7.1 This Part 2.2.7 of this Permit shall not apply to emissions to groundwater.

2.2.7.2 No emission from the Permitted installation shall be made to land.

2.2.8 Equivalent parameters or technical measures

2.2.8.1 The Operator shall comply with the requirements specified in Table 2.2.11, which supplement or replace emission limit values in accordance with Regulation 12(8) of the PPC Regulations.

Table 2.2.11 Equivalent parameters and technical measures

Parameter or measure	Requirement or description of measure, and frequency if relevant
Fuel specification	Waste shall not be burned in Combustion Unit 2.
Combustion Unit 1 feed specification	When burning waste the feed specification of recovered distillate fuel and aqueous waste shall be limited to the maximum specifications detailed in the Specification of all Fuels and Wastes
Control of discharge through W1	Continuous monitoring of Total Organic Carbon and pH of discharge collection tank shall be maintained together with an alarm system to warn of unusual values

2.3 Management

2.3.1 A copy of this Permit and those parts of the application referred to in this Permit shall be available, at all times, for reference by all staff carrying out work subject to the requirements of the Permit.

Training

2.3.2 The Permitted Installation shall be supervised by staff who are suitably trained and fully conversant with the requirements of this Permit.

2.3.3 All staff shall be fully conversant with those aspects of the Permit conditions which are relevant to their duties and shall be provided with adequate professional technical development and training and written operating instructions to enable them to carry out their duties.

2.3.4 The Operator shall maintain a record of the skills and training requirements for all staff whose tasks in relation to the Permitted Installation may have an impact on the environment and shall keep records of all relevant training.

Maintenance

2.3.5 All plant and equipment used in operating the Permitted Installation, the failure of which could lead to an adverse impact on the environment, shall be maintained in good operating condition.

2.3.6 The Operator shall maintain a record of relevant plant and equipment covered by condition 2.3.5 and for such plant and equipment:

2.3.6.1 a written or electronic maintenance programme; and

2.3.6.2 records of its maintenance.

Incidents and complaints

2.3.7 The Operator shall maintain and implement written procedures for:

2.3.7.1 taking prompt remedial action, investigating and reporting actual or potential non-compliance with operating procedures or emission limits;

2.3.7.2 investigating incidents, (including any malfunction, breakdown or failure of plant, equipment or techniques, down time, any short term and long term remedial measures and near misses) and prompt implementation of appropriate actions; and

2.3.7.3 ensuring that detailed records are made of all such actions and investigations.

2.3.8 The Operator shall record and investigate complaints concerning the Permitted Installation's effects or alleged effects on the environment. The record shall give the date and nature of complaint, time of complaint, name of complainant (if given), a summary of any investigation and the results of such investigation and any actions taken.

2.4 Efficient use of raw materials

2.4.1 The Operator shall -

2.4.1.1 maintain the raw materials table or description submitted in the Application and in particular consider on a periodic basis whether there are suitable alternative materials to reduce environmental impact;

2.4.1.2 carry out periodic waste minimisation audits and water use efficiency audits. If such an audit has not been carried out in the 2 years prior to the issue of this Permit, then the first such audit shall take place within 2 years of its issue. The methodology used and an action plan for increasing the efficiency of the use of raw materials or water shall be submitted to the Agency within 2 months of completion of each such audit and a review of the audit and a description of progress made against the action plan shall be submitted to the Agency at least every 4 years thereafter; and

2.4.1.3 ensure that incoming water use is directly measured and recorded.

2.5 Waste Storage and Handling

2.5.1 The Operator shall design, maintain and operate all facilities for the storage and handling of waste on the Permitted installation such that there are no releases to water or land during normal operation and that emissions to air and the risk of accidental release to water or land are minimised.

2.5.2 No condition applies.

2.6 Waste recovery or disposal

2.6.1 Waste produced at the Permitted Installation shall be:

2.6.1.1 recovered to no lesser extent than described in the Application; and

2.6.1.2 where not recovered, disposed of while avoiding or reducing any impacts on the environment provided always that this is not done in any way that would have a greater effect on the environment than that described in the Application.

2.6.2 The Operator shall maintain the waste recovery or disposal table submitted in Section 2.11 of the Application and in particular review the available options for waste recovery and disposal for the purposes of complying with condition 2.6.1 above.

2.6.3 The Operator shall maintain and implement a system which ensures that a record is made of the quantity, composition, origin, destination (including whether this is a recovery or disposal operation) and where relevant removal date of any waste that is produced at the Permitted Installation.

2.6.4 The Operator shall maintain a system which ensures that a record is made of the quantity, composition, origin and delivery date of any waste that is received for disposal or recovery at the Permitted Installation.

2.7 Energy efficiency

2.7.1 The Operator shall produce a report on the energy consumed at the Permitted Installation over the previous calendar year, by 31 January each year, providing the information required by condition 4.1.2.

2.7.2 The Operator shall maintain and update annually an energy management system which shall include, in particular, the monitoring of energy flows and targeting of areas for improving energy efficiency.

2.7.3 The Operator shall design, maintain and operate the Permitted Installation so as to secure energy efficiency, taking into account relevant guidance including the Agency's Energy Efficiency Horizontal Guidance Note as from time to time amended. Energy efficiency shall be secured in particular by:

- ensuring that the appropriate operating and maintenance systems are in place;
- ensuring that all plant is adequately insulated to minimise energy loss or gain;
- ensuring that all appropriate containment methods, (e.g. seals and self-closing doors) are employed and maintained to minimise energy loss;
- employing appropriate basic controls, such as simple sensors and timers, to avoid unnecessary discharge of heated water or air;
- where building services constitute more than 5% of the total energy consumption of the Permitted Installation, identifying and employing the appropriate energy efficiency techniques for building services, having regard in particular to the Building services part of the Agency's Energy Efficiency Horizontal Guidance Note H2; and

maintaining and implementing an energy efficiency plan which identifies energy saving techniques that are applicable to the activities and their associated environmental benefit and prioritises them, having regard to the appraisal method in the Agency's Energy Efficiency Horizontal Guidance Note H2.

2.8 Accident prevention and control

2.8.1 The Operator shall maintain and implement when necessary the accident management plan submitted in the Application. The plan shall be reviewed at least every 2 years or as soon as practicable after an accident, whichever is the earlier, and the Agency notified of the results of the review within 2 months of its completion.

2.9 Noise and vibration

- 2.9.1 The Operator shall use BAT so as to prevent or where that is not practicable to reduce emissions of noise and vibration from the Permitted Installation, in particular by:
- equipment maintenance, eg. of fans, pumps, motors, conveyors and mobile plant;
 - use and maintenance of appropriate attenuation, eg. silencers, barriers, enclosures;
 - timing and location of noisy activities and vehicle movements;
 - periodic checking of noise emissions, either qualitatively or quantitatively; and
 - maintenance of building fabric,
- provided always that the techniques used by the Operator shall be no less effective than those described in the Application, where relevant.
- 2.9.2 Emergency alarms/ sirens shall only be tested between the hours of 10:00 and 17:00 Monday to Friday and not on any Public Holiday.

2.10 On-site monitoring

- 2.10.1 The Operator shall maintain and implement an emissions monitoring programme which ensures that emissions are monitored from the specified points, for the parameters listed in and to the frequencies and methods described in Tables 2.2.2 and 2.2.5 unless otherwise agreed in writing, and that the results of such monitoring are assessed. The programme shall ensure that monitoring is carried out under an appropriate range of operating conditions.
- 2.10.2 Where Continuous Emission Monitors are installed to comply with the monitoring requirements in Table 2.2.2, the Operator shall perform a QAL2 test as specified in BS EN 14181 at least every three years and when there are significant changes to either the process, the fuel used or to the CEMs themselves.
- 2.10.3 Where Continuous Emission Monitors are installed to comply with the monitoring requirements in Table 2.2.2, the Operator shall perform an Annual Surveillance Test (AST) at least annually, as specified within BS EN 14181.
- 2.10.4 The Operator shall carry out environmental or other specified substance monitoring to the frequencies and methods described in Table 2.10.1.

Table 2.10.1 : Other monitoring requirements

Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Substance or parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring method	Other specifications
A8	temperature	continuous ²	As described in the Application	
A8	pressure	continuous ²	As described in the Application	
A8	oxygen content	continuous ²	As described in the Application	
A8	water vapour content	continuous ²	As described in the Application	

Table 2.10.1 : Other monitoring requirements

Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Substance or parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring method	Other specifications
A8	Dioxin-like PCBs (WHO-TEQ ¹ Humans / Mammals)	Bi-annual periodic measurement, average value over sample period of between 6 and 8 hours.	To be determined utilising sampling and analytical techniques developed for dioxins/furans (BS EN 1948)	
A8	Dioxin-like PCBs (WHO-TEQ ¹ Fish)	Bi-annual periodic measurement, average value over sample period of between 6 and 8 hours.	To be determined utilising sampling and analytical techniques developed for dioxins/furans (BS EN 1948)	
A8	Dioxin-like PCBs (WHO-TEQ ¹ Birds)	Bi-annual periodic measurement, average value over sample period of between 6 and 8 hours.	To be determined utilising sampling and analytical techniques developed for dioxins/furans (BS EN 1948)	
A8	Specific individual poly-cyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) as specified in condition 6.1.1	Bi-annual periodic measurement, average value over sample period of between 6 and 8 hours.	Procedure shall use BS ISO 11338-1 and BS-ISO 11338-2.	
A8	Dioxins / furans (WHO-TEQ ¹ Humans / Mammals)	Bi-annual periodic measurement, average value over sample period of between 6 and 8 hours.	To be determined utilising sampling and analytical techniques developed for dioxins/furans (BS EN 1948)	

Table 2.10.1 : Other monitoring requirements

Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Substance or parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring method	Other specifications
A8	Dioxins / furans (WHO-TEQ ¹ Fish)	Bi-annual periodic measurement, average value over sample period of between 6 and 8 hours.	To be determined utilising sampling and analytical techniques developed for dioxins/furans (BS EN 1948)	
A8	Dioxins / furans (WHO-TEQ ¹ Birds)	Bi-annual periodic measurement, average value over sample period of between 6 and 8 hours.	To be determined utilising sampling and analytical techniques developed for dioxins/furans (BS EN 1948)	
W1	Short Chain Chlorinated Paraffins	Monthly		Flow proportionate composite of daily samples
Near inner wall of furnace on Combustion Unit 1	Temperature (° C)	Continuous ²	Traceable to National Standards	

Note 1: The TEQ sum of the equivalence factors to be reported as a range based on: All congeners less than the detection limit assumed to be zero as a minimum, and all congeners less than the detection limit assumed to be at the detection limit as a maximum.

Note 2: Monitoring of specified parameters is required from the first time on or after the 28th December 2005 where waste is burned in Combustion Unit 1.

- 2.10.5 The Operator shall carry out monitoring of the process variable listed in Table 2.10.1 to the frequencies and methods described in that Table.
- 2.10.6 No condition applies.
- 2.10.7 The Operator shall notify the Agency at least 14 days in advance of undertaking monitoring and/ or spot sampling, where such notification has been requested in writing by the Agency.
- 2.10.8 The Operator shall maintain records of all monitoring taken or carried out (this includes records of the taking and analysis of samples instrument measurements (periodic and continual), calibrations, examinations, tests and surveys) and any assessment or evaluation made on the basis of such data.

- 2.10.9 Monitoring equipment, techniques, personnel and organisations employed for the emissions monitoring programme in condition 2.10.1 of this Permit and the environmental or other monitoring specified in condition 2.10.4 shall have either MCERTS certification or MCERTS accreditation (as appropriate) unless otherwise agreed in writing. Newly installed CEMs or CEMs replacing existing CEMs, shall have MCERTS certification and have an MCERTS certified range which is not greater than 1.5 times the daily emission limit value (ELV) specified in Table 2.2.2, unless otherwise agreed in writing. The CEM shall also be able to measure instantaneous values over the ranges which are expected during all operating conditions, unless otherwise agreed in writing. If it is necessary to use more than one range setting of the CEM to achieve this requirement, the CEM shall be verified for monitoring supplementary, higher ranges.
- 2.10.10 There shall be provided:
- 2.10.10.1 safe and permanent means of access to enable sampling/monitoring to be carried out in relation to the emission points specified in Schedule 2 to this Permit, unless otherwise specified in that Schedule; and
- 2.10.10.2 safe means of access to other sampling/monitoring points when required by the Agency.
- 2.10.11 The Operator shall carry out the on-going monitoring identified in the Site Protection and Monitoring Programme submitted under condition 4.1.8, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Agency.
- 2.10.12 No condition applies.

2.11 Closure and decommissioning

- 2.11.1 The Operator shall maintain and operate the Permitted Installation so as to prevent or minimise any pollution risk, including the generation of waste, on closure and decommissioning in particular by:-
- 2.11.1.1 attention to the design of new plant or equipment;
- 2.11.1.2 the maintenance of a record of any events which have, or might have, impacted on the condition of the site along with any further investigation or remediation work carried out; and
- 2.11.1.3 the maintenance of a site closure plan to demonstrate that the Permitted Installation can be decommissioned avoiding any pollution risk and returning the site of operation to a satisfactory state.
- 2.11.2 Notwithstanding condition 2.11.1 of this Permit, the Operator shall carry out a full review of the Site Closure Plan at least every 4 years.
- 2.11.3 The site closure plan shall be implemented on final cessation or decommissioning of the Permitted activities or part thereof.
- 2.11.4 The Operator shall give at least 30 days written notice to the Agency before implementing the site closure plan.

2.12 Multiple operator installations

- 2.12.1 This is not a multi-operator installation

2.13 Transfer to effluent treatment plant

2.13.1 No transfer from the Permitted Installation shall be made to effluent treatment plant.

2.13.2 No condition applies

3 Records

- 3.1 The Operator shall ensure that all records required to be made by this Permit and any other records made by it in relation to the operation of the Permitted Installation shall:-
- 3.1.1 be made available for inspection by the Agency at any reasonable time;
 - 3.1.2 be supplied to the Agency on demand and without charge;
 - 3.1.3 be legible;
 - 3.1.4 be made as soon as reasonably practicable;
 - 3.1.5 indicate any amendments which have been made and shall include the original record wherever possible;
 - 3.1.6 be retained at the Permitted Installation, or other location agreed by the Agency in writing, for a minimum period of 4 years from the date when the records were made, unless otherwise agreed in writing; and
 - 3.1.7 where they concern the condition of the site of the Installation or are related to the implementation of the Site Protection and Monitoring Programme, be kept at the Permitted Installation, or other location agreed by the Agency in writing, until all parts of the Permit have been surrendered.

4 Reporting

- 4.1.1 All reports and written and or oral notifications required by this Permit and notifications required by Regulation 16 of the PPC Regulations shall be made or sent to the Agency using the contact details notified in writing to the Operator by the Agency.
- 4.1.2 The Operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing, submit reports of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the conditions of this permit, as follows:-
- 4.1.2.1 in respect of the parameters and emission points specified in Table S2 to Schedule 2;
 - 4.1.2.2 for the reporting periods specified in Table S2 to Schedule 2 and using the forms specified in Table S3 to Schedule 3;
 - 4.1.2.3 giving the information from such results and assessments as may be required by the forms specified in those Tables; and
 - 4.1.2.4 to the Agency within 28 days of the end of the reporting period.
- 4.1.3 The Operator shall submit to the Agency a report on the performance of the Permitted Installation over the previous year, by 31 January each year, providing the information listed in Tables S4.1 and S4.2 of Schedule 4, assessed at any frequency specified therein, and using the form specified in Table S3 to Schedule 3.
- 4.1.4 No condition applies.
- 4.1.5 The Operator shall review fugitive emissions, having regard to the application of Best Available Techniques, on an annual basis, or such other period as shall be agreed in writing by the Agency, and a summary report on this review shall be sent to the Agency detailing such releases and the measures taken to reduce them within 3 months of the end of such period.
- 4.1.6 Where the Operator has a formal environmental management system applying to the Permitted Installation which encompasses annual improvement targets the Operator shall, not later than 31 January in each year, provide a summary report of the previous year's progress against such targets.
- 4.1.7 The Operator shall, within 6 months of receipt of written notice from the Agency, submit to the Agency a report assessing whether all appropriate preventive measures continue to be taken against pollution, in particular through the application of the best available techniques, at the installation. The report shall consider any relevant published technical guidance current at the time of the notice which is either supplied with or referred to in the notice, and shall assess the costs and benefits of applying techniques described in that guidance, or otherwise identified by the Operator, that may provide environmental improvement.
- 4.1.8 The Operator shall, within three months of the date of this permit, submit a detailed Site Protection and Monitoring Programme, in accordance with and using the appropriate template format given in the Land Protection Guidance. The Operator shall implement and maintain the Site Protection and Monitoring Programme (SPMP) submitted under this condition, and shall carry out regular reviews of it at a minimum frequency of every 2 years. The results of such reviews and any changes made to the SPMP shall be reported to the Agency within 1 month of the review or change.
- 4.1.9 No condition applies.

5 Notifications

- 5.1.1 The Operator shall notify the Agency **without delay** of:-
- 5.1.1.1 the detection of an emission of any substance, which exceeds any limit or criterion in this Permit, specified in relation to the substance;
 - 5.1.1.2 the detection of any fugitive emission, which has caused, is causing or may cause significant pollution;
 - 5.1.1.3 the detection of any malfunction, breakdown or failure of plant or techniques which has caused, is causing or has the potential to cause significant pollution; and
 - 5.1.1.4 any accident, which has caused, is causing or has the potential to cause significant pollution.
 - 5.1.1.5 any incident which has led to a period of abnormal operation of incineration or co-incineration plant as defined in Section 6 Interpretation.
- 5.1.2 The Operator shall submit written confirmation to the Agency of any notification under condition 5.1.1, by sending:-
- 5.1.2.1 the information listed in Part A of Schedule 1 to this Permit within 24 hours of such notification; and
 - 5.1.2.2 the more detailed information listed in Part B of that Schedule as soon as practicable thereafter;
 - 5.1.2.3 for notification of incidents of abnormal operations under condition 5.1.1.5, only the information listed in Part C of that Schedule;
- and such information shall be in accordance with that Schedule.
- 5.1.3 The Operator shall give written notification as soon as practicable prior to any of the following:-
- 5.1.3.1 permanent cessation of the operation of part or all of the Permitted Installation;
 - 5.1.3.2 cessation of operation of part or all of the Permitted Installation for a period likely to exceed 1 year; and
 - 5.1.3.3 resumption of the operation of part or all of the Permitted Installation after a cessation notified under condition 5.1.3.2.
- 5.1.4 The Operator shall notify the Agency, as soon as reasonably practicable, of any information concerning the state of the Site which adds to that provided to the Agency as part of the Application or to that in the Site Protection and Monitoring Programme submitted under condition 4.1.7 of this Permit.
- 5.1.5 The Operator shall notify the following matters to the Agency in writing within 14 days of their occurrence:-
- 5.1.5.1 where the Operator is a registered company:-
 - any change in the Operator's trading name, registered name or registered office address;
 - any change to particulars of the Operator's ultimate holding company (including details of an ultimate holding company where an Operator has become a subsidiary)
 - any steps taken with a view to the Operator going into administration, entering into a company voluntary arrangement or being wound up;
 - 5.1.5.2 where the Operator is a corporate body other than a registered company:
 - any change in the Operator's name or address;
 - any steps taken with a view to the dissolution of the Operator.

Notifications

- 5.1.5.3 In any other case: -
- the death of any of the named Operators (where the Operator consists of more than one named individual);
 - any change in the Operator's name(s) or address(es);
 - any steps taken with a view to the Operator, or any one of them, going into bankruptcy, entering into a composition or arrangement with creditors, or, in the case them being in a partnership, dissolving the partnership;
- 5.1.6 Where the Operator has entered into a Climate Change Agreement with the Government, the Operator shall notify the Agency within one month of:-
- 5.1.6.1 a decision by the Secretary of State not to re-certify that Agreement.
- 5.1.6.2 a decision by either the Operator or the Secretary of State to terminate that agreement.
- 5.1.6.3 any subsequent decision by the Secretary of State to re-certify such an Agreement.
- 5.1.7 Where the Operator has entered into a Direct Participant Agreement in the Emissions Trading Scheme which covers emissions relating to the energy consumption of the activities, the Operator shall notify the Agency within one month of:-
- 5.1.7.1 a decision by the Operator to withdraw from or the Secretary of State to terminate that agreement.
- 5.1.7.2 a failure to comply with an annual target under that Agreement at the end of the trading compliance period.
- 5.1.8 The Operator shall notify the Agency in writing, of any known or planned introduction or material emission from the permitted installation to water or sewer, that may increase the concentration of any "dangerous substance", as defined in List I and List II of the Dangerous Substances Directive, 76/464/EEC, and its daughter directives.

6 Interpretation

6.1.1 In this Permit, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:-

“Abatement equipment” means that equipment dedicated to the removal of polluting substances from releases from the Installation to air or water media.

“Abnormal operation” means any technically unavoidable stoppages, disturbances, or failures of the abatement plant or the measurement devices, during which the concentrations in the discharges into air and the purified waste water of the regulated substances may exceed the normal emission limit values. It includes the time taken for the plant to stabilise after the repair or replacement has been carried out. For the purposes of this Installation *“Abnormal operation”* relates to the operation of Combustion Unit 1.

“Annual release” means the total release during any calendar year commencing 1 January.

“Annually” for reporting/sampling means after/during each year and, when sampling, with at least 4 months between each sampling date.

“Application” means the application for this Permit, together with any response to a notice served under Schedule 4 to the PPC Regulations and any operational change agreed under the conditions of this Permit.

“APC residues” means air pollution control residues.

“background concentration” means such concentration of that substance as is present in:

- water supplied to the site; or
- where more than 50% of the water used at the site is directly abstracted from ground or surface water on site, the abstracted water; or
- where the Permitted Installation uses no significant amount of supplied or abstracted water, the precipitation on to the site.

“BAT” means best available techniques means the most effective and advanced stage of development of activities and their methods of operation which indicates the practical suitability of particular techniques to prevent and where that is not practicable to reduce emissions and the impact on the environment as a whole. For these purposes: *“available techniques”* means *“those techniques which have been developed on a scale which allows implementation in the relevant industrial sector, under economically and technically viable conditions, taking into consideration the cost and advantages, whether or not the techniques are used or produced inside the United Kingdom, as long as they are reasonably accessible to the operator”*; *“best”* means *“in relation to techniques, the most effective in achieving a high general level of protection of the environment as a whole”* and *“techniques”* *“includes both the technology used and the way in which the installation is designed, built, maintained, operated and decommissioned”*. In addition, Schedule 2 of the PPC Regulations has effect in relation to the determination of BAT.

“Bi-annual” or *“6 monthly”* means twice per year with at least five months between tests.

“CEM” means Continuous emission monitor.

“CEN” means Comité Européen de Normalisation.

“Chemical Oxygen Demand” means chemical oxygen demand from a settled sample determined in the presence of acidified potassium dichromate.

“Class A or Class B” in relation to volatile organic compounds is as defined in Agency Guidance for Speciality Organic Chemicals S4.02, Appendix 3.

Interpretation

“*Co-incineration line*” means all of the co-incineration equipment related to a common discharge to air location.

“*Commissioning*” relates to the period after construction has been completed or when a modification has been made to the plant or the raw materials when the Permitted Installation process is being tested and modified to operate according to its design.

“*Compliance Based on Mass Balance Calculation*” means that for the purposes of demonstrating compliance or non-compliance with a specified limit the release shall be calculated.

“*Daily*” means, for sampling purposes, a 24 hour period starting at 7.00 am.

“*Daily average*” for releases of substances to air means the average of half-hourly averages over a calendar day during normal operation. Where any abnormal operation, start-up or shut-down occur during the day in such a way that there are less than 43 half-hourly averages recorded during normal operation, no daily average shall be recorded for that day.

“*Day*” means a 24 hour period starting at 7.00 am.

“*Dioxin and Furans*” means polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins and polychlorinated dibenzofurans.

“*ELV*” means emission limit value.

“*Fugitive emission*” means an emission to air or water (including sewer) from the Permitted Installation which is not controlled by an emission or background concentration limit under conditions 2.2.1.3, 2.2.2.4, 2.2.2.5, 2.2.2.8 or 2.2.2.9 of this Permit.

“*Groundwater*” means all water which is below the surface of the ground in the saturation zone and in direct contact with the ground or subsoil.

“*ISO*” means International Standards Organisation.

“*Land Protection Guidance*” means the version of the Agency guidance note “H7 - *Guidance on the Protection of Land under the PPC Regime: Application Site Report and Site Protection and Monitoring Programme*”, including its appended templates for data reporting, which is current at the time of issue of the Permit.

“*L_{Aeq,T}*” means the equivalent continuous A-weighted sound pressure level in dB determined over time period, T.

“*L_{A90,T}*” means the A-weighted sound pressure level in dB exceeded for 90% of the time period, T.

“*L_{AFmax}*” means the maximum A weighted sound level measurement in dB measured with a fast time weighting.

“*MCERTS*” means the Environment Agency’s Monitoring Certification Scheme.

“*Monitoring*” includes the taking and analysis of samples, instrumental measurements (periodic and continual), calibrations, examinations, tests and surveys.

“*Monthly average*” means the average of all daily averages obtained during a calendar month.

“*PAH*” means Poly-cyclic aromatic hydrocarbon, and comprises Anthanthrene, Benzo[a]anthracene, Benzo[b]fluoranthene, Benzo[k]fluoranthene, Benzo[b]naph(2,1-d)thiophene, Benzo[c]phenanthrene, Benzo[ghi]perylene, Benzo[a]pyrene, Cholanthrene, Chrysene, Cyclopenta[c,d]pyrene, Dibenzo[ah]anthracene, Dibenzo[a,i]pyrene Fluoranthene, Indo[1,2,3-cd]pyrene, Naphthalene.

“*PCB*” means Polychlorinated Biphenyl. Dioxin-like PCBs are the non-ortho and mono-ortho PCBs listed in condition 6.1.5.

Interpretation

“*Permitted Installation*” means the activities and the limits to those activities described in Table 1.1.1 of this Permit.

“*PPC Regulations*” means the Pollution, Prevention and Control (England and Wales) Regulations SI 2000 No.1973 (as amended) and words and expressions defined in the PPC Regulations shall have the same meanings when used in this Permit save to the extent they are specifically defined in this Permit.

“*Quarterly*” for reporting/sampling means after/during each 3 month period, January to March; April to June; July to September and October to December and, when sampling, with at least 2 months between each sampling date.

“*Sewer*” means sewer within the meaning of section 219(1) of the Water Industry Act 1991.

“*Shutdown*” is any period where the plant is being returned to a non-operational state and there is no waste being burned.

“*Staff*” includes employees, directors or other officers of the Operator, and any other person under the Operator’s direct or indirect control, including contractors.

“*Start-up*” is any period, where the plant has been non-operational, after igniting the burner until waste has been fed to the co-incinerator to initiate steady-state conditions.

“*TOC*” means Total Organic Carbon. In respect of releases to air, this means the gaseous and vaporous organic substances, expressed as TOC. In respect of Bottom Ash, this means the total carbon content of all organic species present in the ash (excluding carbon in elemental form).

“*Waste Incineration Directive*” means Directive 2000/76/EC on the incineration of waste.

“*Waste oil*” has the same meaning as in Directive 75/439/EEC.

“*WHO*” means the World Health Organisation.

“*Year*” means calendar year ending 31 December.

“*6 monthly*” for reporting/sampling means after/during each 6 month period, January to June; July to December and, when sampling, with at least 8 weeks between each sampling date.

“*mg/m³*” means milligramme per cubic metre.

“*g/s*” means gramme per second.

“*kg/h*” means kilogramme per hour.

“*µg/l*” means microgramme per litre.

“*mg/l*” means milligramme per litre.

“*kg*” means kilogramme.

“*t*” means tonne.

“*MWh*” means megawatt hour.

6.1.2 Where a minimum limit is set for any emission parameter, for example pH, reference to exceeding the limit shall mean that the parameter shall not be less than that limit.

6.1.3 Unless otherwise stated, any references in this Permit to concentrations of substances in emissions into air means:-

Interpretation

- 6.1.3.1 in relation to gases from combustion processes, the concentration in dry air at a temperature of 273K, at a pressure of 101.3 kPa and with an oxygen content of 3% dry for liquid and gaseous fuels, 6% dry for solid fuels; and/or
- 6.1.3.2 in relation to gases from non-combustion sources, the concentration at a temperature of 273K and at a pressure of 101.3 kPa, with no correction for water vapour content
- 6.1.3.3 in relation to gases from co-incineration plants the concentration in dry air at a temperature of 273K, at a pressure of 101.3 kPa and with an oxygen content of 3%.
- 6.1.4 Where any condition of this Permit refers to the whole or parts of different documents, in the event of any conflict between the wording of such documents, the wording of the document(s) with the most recent date shall prevail to the extent of such conflict.
- 6.1.5 For dioxins/furans and dioxin-like PCBs the determination of the toxic equivalence concentration (I-TEQ & WHO-TEQ for dioxins/furans, WHO-TEQ for dioxin-like PCBs) stated as a release limit and/or reporting requirement, the mass concentrations of the following congeners have to be multiplied with their respective toxic equivalence factors before summing.

TEF schemes for dioxins and furans				
Congener	I-TEF(1990)	WHO-TEF (1997/8)		
		Humans / Mammals	Fish	Birds
Dioxins				
2,3,7,8-TCDD	1	1	1	1
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	0.5	1	1	1
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.05
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.01
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD	0.01	0.01	0.001	<0.001
OCDD	0.001	0.0001	-	-
Furans				
2,3,7,8-TCDF	0.1	0.1	0.05	1
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.1
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	0.5	0.5	0.5	1
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
OCDF	0.001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001

Interpretation

TEF schemes for dioxin-like PCBs			
Congener	WHO-TEF (1997/8)		
	Humans / mammals	Fish	Birds
Non-ortho PCBs			
3,4,4',5-TCB (81)	0.0001	0.0005	0.1
3,3',4,4'-TCB (77)	0.0001	0.0001	0.05
3,3',4,4',5 - PeCB (126)	0.1	0.005	0.1
3,3',4,4',5,5'-HxCB(169)	0.01	0.00005	0.001
Mono-ortho PCBs			
2,3,3',4,4'-PeCB (105)	0.0001	<0.000005	0.0001
2,3,4,4',5-PeCB (114)	0.0005	<0.000005	0.0001
2,3',4,4',5-PeCB (118)	0.0001	<0.000005	0.00001
2',3,4,4',5-PeCB (123)	0.0001	<0.000005	0.00001
2,3,3',4,4',5-HxCB (156)	0.0005	<0.000005	0.0001
2,3,3',4,4',5'-HxCB (157)	0.0005	<0.000005	0.0001
2,3',4,4',5,5'-HxCB (167)	0.00001	<0.000005	0.00001
2,3,3',4,4',5,5'-HpCB (189)	0.0001	<0.000005	0.00001

Schedule 1 - Notification of abnormal emissions

This page outlines the information that the Operator must provide to satisfy conditions 5.1.1 and 5.1.2 of this Permit.

Units of measurement used in information supplied under Part A and B requirements shall be appropriate to the circumstances of the emission. Where appropriate, a comparison should be made of actual emissions and authorised emission limits.

If any information is considered commercially confidential, it should be separated from non-confidential information, supplied on a separate sheet and accompanied by an application for commercial confidentiality under the provisions of the PPC Regulations.

Part A

Permit Number	
Name of Operator	
Location of Installation	
Location of the emission	
Time and date of the emission	

Substance(s) emitted	Media	Best estimate of the quantity or the rate of emission	Time during which the emission took place

Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop the emission	
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Part B

Any more accurate information on the matters for notification under Part A.	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to prevent a recurrence of the incident	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to rectify, limit or prevent any pollution of the environment or harm which has been or may be caused by the emission	
The dates of any unauthorised emissions from the Permitted Installation in the preceding 24 months.	

Part C

Permit Number	
Name of Operator	
Location of Installation	

For multi-line plants, indicate which line(s) was (were) subject to abnormal operation.	
Time at which abnormal operation commenced	
Time at which abnormal operation ceased	
Duration of this incidence of abnormal operation	
Cumulative abnormal operation duration in current year (at end of present incidence)	
Reasons for abnormal operation	
How did the abnormal operation end? (e.g. plant repaired, reaching maximum permitted duration, initiation of shutdown, etc.)	

Name*	
Post	
Signature	
Date	

* authorised to sign on behalf of Solvent Resource Management Limited.

Schedule 2 - Reporting of monitoring data

Parameters for which reports shall be made, in accordance with conditions 4.1.2 and 4.1.3 of this Permit, are listed below.

Table S2: Reporting of monitoring data

Parameter	Emission point	Reporting period	Period begins
Volatile Organic Compounds, total Class A (as substances) kg/year	A1, A2, A3, A4 Aggregated	Annually	01/01/06
Volatile Organic Compounds, total Class B (as carbon) kg/year	A1, A2, A3, A4 Aggregated	Annually	01/01/06
Volatile Organic Compounds, total Class A (as substances) kg/year	A5	Annually	01/01/06
Volatile Organic Compounds, total Class B (as carbon) kg/year	A5	Annually	01/01/06
Volatile Organic Compounds, total Class A (as substances) mg/m ³	A6	Annually	01/01/06
Volatile Organic Compounds, total Class B (as carbon) mg/m ³	A6	Annually	01/01/06
Sulphur dioxide mg/m ³	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Total Organic Carbon (TOC) mg/m ³	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Oxides of nitrogen mg/m ³	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Hydrogen chloride mg/m ³	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Hydrogen fluoride mg/m ³	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Particulates mg/m ³	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Carbon monoxide mg/m ³	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Cadmium & Thallium and their compounds (total) mg/m ³	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Mercury and its compounds mg/m ³	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Antimony, Arsenic, Lead, Chromium, Cobalt, Copper, Manganese, Nickel and Vanadium and their compounds (total) mg/m ³	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Dioxins/furans (I-TEQ)	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Dioxin-like PCBs (WHO-TEQ Humans/Mammals)	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Dioxin-like PCBs (WHO-TEQ Fish)	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Dioxin-like PCBs (WHO-TEQ Birds)	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06

Schedule 2 - Reporting of monitoring data

Poly-cyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Dioxin / furans (WHO-TEQ Humans/Mammals)	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Dioxin / furans (WHO-TEQ Fish)	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Dioxin / furans (WHO-TEQ Birds)	A8	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Volatile Organic Compounds kg	Permitted Installation	Annually	01/01/06
Flowrate Ml/day ²	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
pH range ³	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Chemical Oxygen Demand mg/l ²	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Cadmium µg/l ²	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Chromium µg/l ²	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Copper µg/l ²	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Lead µg/l ²	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Nickel µg/l ²	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Zinc µg/l ²	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
1,2 Dichloroethane µg/l	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Trichloroethylene µg/l	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Chloroform µg/l	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Tetrachloroethylene µg/l	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Trichlorobenzene µg/l	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Carbon Tetrachloride µg/l	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Pentachlorophenol µg/l	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Dichloromethane µg/l	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
1,1,1 Trichloroethane µg/l	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Short chain chlorinated paraffins µg/l	W1	Every 6 months	01/01/06
Cadmium kg	W1	Annually	01/01/06
Chromium kg	W1	Annually	01/01/06
Copper kg	W1	Annually	01/01/06
Lead kg	W1	Annually	01/01/06
Nickel kg	W1	Annually	01/01/06
Zinc kg	W1	Annually	01/01/06
1,2 Dichloroethane kg	W1	Annually	01/01/06
Trichloroethylene kg	W1	Annually	01/01/06
Chloroform kg	W1	Annually	01/01/06
Tetrachloroethylene kg	W1	Annually	01/01/06
Trichlorobenzene kg	W1	Annually	01/01/06
Carbon tetrachloride kg	W1	Annually	01/01/06
Pentachlorophenol kg	W1	Annually	01/01/06
Dichloromethane kg	W1	Annually	01/01/06
1,1,1 Trichloroethane kg	W1	Annually	01/01/06

Schedule 2 - Reporting of monitoring data

Water usage	Permitted Installation	Annually	01/01/06
Energy usage	Permitted Installation	Annually	01/01/06
Waste disposal and/or recovery.	Permitted Installation	Annually	01/01/06

Note 1: Process control parameters have been specified under monitoring requirements, however these parameters shall **not** normally be required to be reported, but shall be available for inspection at the site.

Note 2: The maximum daily value and mean value for each month shall be reported.

Note 3: The maximum and minimum daily value for each month shall be reported.

Schedule 3 - Forms to be used

Table S3: Reporting Forms		
Media / parameter	Form number	Date of form
Air: Periodic monitored emissions bi-annually	Agency Form / BL7302ID / A1 / October 2005	October 2005
Air: Continuously monitored emissions of particulate matter	Agency Form / BL7302ID / A2 / October 2005	October 2005
Air: Continuously monitored emissions of TOC	Agency Form / BL7302ID / A3 / October 2005	October 2005
Air: Continuously monitored emissions of Carbon monoxide	Agency Form / BL7302ID / A4 / October 2005	October 2005
Air: Continuously monitored emissions of oxides of nitrogen	Agency Form / BL7302ID / A5 / October 2005	October 2005
Air: Periodic monitored emissions and annual emissions by mass balance	Agency Form / BL7302ID / A6 / October 2005	October 2005
Water (excluding sewer): Periodic monitored emissions	W1	October 2005
Water (excluding sewer): Annual emissions	W2	October 2005
Energy	E1	October 2005
Waste Return	R1	October 2005
Water usage	WU1	October 2005
Performance indicators	PI1	October 2005

Schedule 4 - Reporting of performance data

Data required to be recorded and reported by Condition 4.1.3. The data should be assessed at the frequency given and reported annually to the Agency.

Table S4.1: Annual Production/Treatment	
Production of recovered organics	(tonnes)
Production of distillate fuel for use on site	(tonnes)
Production of Secondary Liquid Fuel for export	(tonnes)

Table S4.2: Performance parameters		
Parameter	Frequency assessment	of Performance indicator
Energy Consumption	Annually	MWh/t of recovered product
Volatile organic compounds emissions	Annually	tonnes of volatile organic compounds emitted from the Installation / tonnes of recovered organics

Schedule 6 – List of Permitted Wastes

Permitted Waste Types		
Description	European Waste Catalogue Number (where available) or other specification	Waste type as defined in Table 2.1.2
Combustible wastes containing dangerous substances. Total Halogenates and sulphur content shall be a maximum of 0.1%.	EWC 190208 / EWC 190210	WT1 – blend of distilled solvents and hydrocarbons (typically toluene, xylene, ketones, esters and alcohols). Total halogen and sulphur content less than 0.1%.
Liquid combustible wastes containing dangerous substances	EWC 190208 / EWC 190210	WT2 – aqueous waste contaminated with solvents, and waste solvents (typically alcohols, with esters, ketones and hydrocarbons).
Wastes received at the Permitted Installation that meet the specifications of WT2	EWC codes shall be recorded by the Operator	WT2

END OF PERMIT